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EC Convention on the Law Applicable to Contractual Obligations Rome 1980
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Description: Establish uniform rules concerning the law applicable to contractual obligations
                                                         [Preamble]
                                                         The High Contracting Parties to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,
                                                         Anxious to continue in the field of private international law the work of unification of law which
                                                         has already been done within the Community, in particular in the field of jurisdiction and
                                                         enforcement of judgments,
                                                         Wishing to establish uniform rules concerning the law applicable to contractual obligations.
                                                         Have agreed as follows:
                                                         Title I - Scope of the Convention
                                                         Article 1 - Scope of the Convention
                                                         1. The rules of this Convention shall apply to contractual obligations in any situation involving
                                                         a choice between the laws of different countries.
                                                         2. They shall not apply to:
                                                         (a) questions involving the status or legal capacity of natural persons, without prejudice to
                                                         Article 11
                                                         (b) contractual obligations relating to:
                                                         - wills and succession,
                                                         - rights in property arising out of a matrimonial relationship,

rights and duties arising out of a family relationship, parentage, marriage or affinity, including

                                                         maintenance obligations in respect of children who are not legitimate
                                                         (c) obligations arising under bills of exchange, cheques and promissory notes and other
                                                         negotiable instruments to the extent that the obligations under such other negotiable
                                                         instruments arise out of their negotiable character
                                                         (d) arbitration agreements and agreements on the choice of court
                                                         (e) questions governed by the law of companies and other bodies corporate or unincorporate
                                                         such as the creation, by registration or otherwise, legal capacity, internal organisation or
                                                         winding up of companies and other bodies corporate or unincorporate and the personal
                                                         liability of officers and members as such for the obligations of the company or body
                                                         (f) the question whether an agent is able to bind a principal, or an organ to bind a company or
                                                         body corporate or unincorporate, to a third party
                                                         (g) the constitution of trusts and the relationship between settlors, trustees and beneficiaries
                                                         (h) evidence and procedure, without prejudice to Article 14.
                                                         3. The rules of this Convention do not apply to contracts of insurance which cover risks
                                                         situated in the territories of the Member States of the European Economic Community. In
                                                         order to determine whether a risk is situated in these territories the court shall apply its
                                                         internal law.
                                                         4. The preceding paragraph does not apply to contracts of re-insurance.
                                                         Article 2 - Application of law of non-contracting States
                                                         Any law specified by this Convention shall be applied whether or not it is the law of a
                                                         Contracting State.
                                                         Title II - Uniform Rules
                                                         Article 3 - Freedom of choice
                                                         1. A contract shall be governed by the law chosen by the parties. The choice must be
                                                         expressed or demonstrated with reasonable certainty by the terms of the contract or the
                                                         circumstances of the case. By their choice the parties can select the law applicable to the
                                                         whole or a part only of the contract.
                                                         2. The parties may at any time agree to subject the contract to a law other than that which
                                                         previously governed it, whether as a result of an earlier choice under this Article or of other
                                                         provisions of this Convention. Any variation by the parties of the law to be applied made after
                                                         the conclusion of the contract shall not prejudice its formal validity under Article 9 or adversely
                                                         affect the rights of third parties.
                                                         3. The fact that the parties have chosen a foreign law, whether or not accompanied by the
                                                         choice of a foreign tribunal, shall not, where all the other elements relevant to the situation at
                                                         the time of the choice are connected with one country only, prejudice the application of rules
                                                         of the law of that country which cannot be derogated from by contract, hereinafter called
                                                         "mandatory rules".
                                                         4. The existence and validity of the consent of the parties as to the choice of the applicable
                                                         law shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of Articles 8, 9 and 11.
                                                         Article 4 - Applicable law in the absence of choice
                                                         1. To the extent that the law applicable to the contract has not been chosen in accordance
                                                         with article 3, the contract shall be governed by the law of the country with which it is most
                                                         closely connected. Nevertheless, a severable part of the contract which has a closer
                                                         connection with another country may by way of exception be governed by the law of that other
                                                         country.
                                                         2. Subject to the provisions of paragraph 5 of this Article, it shall be presumed that the
                                                         contract is most closely connected with the country where the party who is to effect the
                                                         performance which is characteristic of the contract has, at the time of conclusion of the
                                                         contract, his habitual residence, or, in the case of a body corporate or unincorporate, its
                                                         central administration. However, if the contract is entered into in the course of that party's
                                                         trade or profession, that country shall be the country in which the principal place of business is
                                                         situated or, where under the terms of the contract the performance is to be effected through a
                                                         place of business other than the principal place of business, the country in which that other
                                                         place of business is situated.
                                                         3. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph 2 of this Article, to the extent that the subject
                                                         matter of the contract is a right in immovable property or a right to use immovable property it
                                                         shall be presumed that the contract is most closely connected with the country where the
                                                         immovable property is situated.
                                                         4. A contract for the carriage of goods shall not be subject to the presumption in paragraph 2.
                                                         In such a contract if the country in which, at the time the contract is concluded, the carrier has
                                                         his principal place of business is also the country in which the place of loading or the place of
                                                         discharge or the principal place of business of the consignor is situated, it shall be presumed
                                                         that the contract is most closely connected with that country. In applying this paragraph single
                                                         voyage charter-parties and other contracts the main purpose of which is the carriage of goods
                                                         shall be treated as contracts for the carriage of goods.
                                                         5. Paragraph 2 shall not apply if the characteristic performance cannot be determined, and the
                                                         presumptions in paragraphs 2, 3 and 4 shall be disregarded if it appears from the
                                                         circumstances as a whole that the contract is more closely connected with another country.
                                                         Article 5 - Certain consumer contracts
                                                         1. This Article applies to a contract the object of which is the supply of goods or services to a
                                                         person ("the consumer") for a purpose which can be regarded as being outside his trade or
                                                         profession, or a contract for the provision of credit for that object.
                                                         2. Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 3, a choice of law made by the parties shall not
                                                         have the result of depriving the consumer of the protection afforded to him by the mandatory
                                                         rules of the law of the country in which he has his habitual residence:
                                                         - if in that country the conclusion of the contract was preceded by a specific invitation
                                                         addressed to him or by advertising, and he had taken in that country all the steps necessary
                                                         on his part for the conclusion of the contract, or
                                                         - if the other party or his agent received the consumer's order in that country, or
                                                         - if the contract is for the sale of goods and the consumer travelled from that country to
                                                         another country and there gave his order, provided that the consumer's journey was arranged
                                                         by the seller for the purpose of inducing the consumer to buy.
                                                         3. Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 4, a contract to which this Article applies shall, in
                                                         the absence of choice in accordance with Article 3, be governed by the law of the country in
                                                         which the consumer has his habitual residence if it is entered into in the circumstances
                                                         described in paragraph 2 of this Article.
                                                         4. This Article shall not apply to:
                                                         (a) a contract of carriage
                                                         (b) a contract for the supply of services where the services are to be supplied to the consumer
                                                         exclusively in a country other than that in which he has his habitual residence.
                                                         5. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph 4, this Article shall apply to a contract which,
                                                         for an inclusive price, provides for a combination of travel and accommodation.
                                                         Article 6 - Individual employment contracts
                                                         1. Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 3, in a contract of employment a choice of law
                                                         made by the parties shall not have the result of depriving the employee of the protection
                                                         afforded to him by the mandatory rules of the law which would be applicable under paragraph
                                                         2 in the absence of choice.
                                                         2. Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 4, a contract of employment shall, in the absence
                                                         of choice in accordance with Article 3, be governed:
                                                         (a) by the law of the country in which the employee habitually carries out his work in
                                                         performance of the contract, even if he is temporarily employed in another country
                                                         (b) if the employee does not habitually carry out his work in any one country, by the law of the
                                                         country in which the place of business through which he was engaged is situated
                                                         unless it appears from the circumstances as a whole that the contract is more closely
                                                         connected with another country, in which case the contract shall be governed by the law of
                                                         that country.
                                                         Article 7 - Mandatory rules
                                                         1. When applying under this Convention the law of a country, effect may be given to the
                                                         mandatory rules of the law of another country with which the situation has a close connection,
                                                         if and in so far as, under the law of the latter country, those rules must be applied whatever
                                                         the law applicable to the contract. In considering whether to give effect to these mandatory
                                                         rules, regard shall be had to their nature and purpose and to the consequences of their
                                                         application or non-application.
                                                         2. Nothing in this Convention shall restrict the application of the rules of the law of the forum in
                                                         a situation where they are mandatory irrespective of the law otherwise applicable to the
                                                         contract.
                                                         Article 8 - Material validity
                                                         1. The existence and validity of a contract, or of any term of a contract, shall be determined by
                                                         the law which would govern it under this Convention if the contract or term were valid.
                                                         2. Nevertheless a party may rely upon the law of the country in which he has his habitual
                                                         residence to establish that he did not consent if it appears from the circumstances that it
                                                         would not be reasonable to determine the effect of his conduct in accordance with the law
                                                         specified in the preceding paragraph.
                                                         Article 9 - Formal validity
                                                         1. A contract concluded between persons who are in the same country is formally valid if it
                                                         satisfies the formal requirements of the law which governs it under this Convention or of the
                                                         law of the country where it is concluded.
                                                         2. A contract concluded between persons who are in different countries is formally valid if it
                                                         satisfies the formal requirements of the law which governs it under this Convention or of the
                                                         law of one of those countries.
                                                         3. Where a contract is concluded by an agent, the country in which the agent acts is the
                                                         relevant country for the purposes of paragraphs 1 and 2.
                                                         4. An act intended to have legal effect relating to an existing or contemplated contract is
                                                         formally valid if it satisfies the formal requirements of the law which under this Convention
                                                         governs or would govern the contract or of the law of the country where the act was done.
                                                         5. The provisions of the preceding paragraphs shall not apply to a contract to which Article 5
                                                         applies, concluded in the circumstances described in paragraph 2 of Article 5. The formal
                                                         validity of such a contract is governed by the law of the country in which the consumer has his
                                                         habitual residence.
                                                         6. Notwithstanding paragraphs 1 to 4 of this Article, a contract the subject matter of which is a
                                                         right in immovable property or a right to use immovable property shall be subject to the
                                                         mandatory requirements of form of the law of the country where the property is situated if by
                                                         that law those requirements are imposed irrespective of the country where the contract is
                                                         concluded and irrespective of the law governing the contract.
                                                         Article 10 - Scope of the applicable law
                                                         1. The law applicable to a contract by virtue of Articles 3 to 6 and 12 of this Convention shall
                                                         govern in particular:
                                                         (a) interpretation
                                                         (b) performance
                                                         (c) within the limits of the powers conferred on the court by its procedural law, the
                                                          consequences of breach, including the assessment of damages in so far as it is governed by
                                                         rules of law
                                                         (d) the various ways of extinguishing obligations, and prescription and limitation of actions
                                                         (e) the consequences of nullity of the contract.
                                                         2. In relation to the manner of performance and the steps to be taken in the event of defective
                                                         performance regard shall be had to the law of the country in which performance takes place.
                                                         Article 11 - Incapacity
                                                         In a contract concluded between persons who are in the same country, a natural person who
                                                         would have capacity under the law of that country may invoke his incapacity resulting from
                                                         another law only if the other party to the contract was aware of this incapacity at the time of
                                                         the conclusion of the contract or was not aware thereof as a result of negligence.
                                                         Article 12 - Voluntary assignment
                                                         1. The mutual obligations of assignor and assignee under a voluntary assignment of a right
                                                         against another person ("the debtor") shall be governed by the law which under this
                                                         Convention applies to the contract between the assignor and assignee.
                                                         2. The law governing the right to which the assignment relates shall determine its assignability,
                                                         the relationship between the assignee and the debtor, the conditions under which the
                                                         assignment can be invoked against the debtor and any question whether the debtor's
                                                         obligations have been discharged.
                                                         Article 13 - Subrogation
                                                         1. Where a person ("the creditor") has a contractual claim upon another ("the debtor"), and a
                                                         third person has a duty to satisfy the creditor, or has in fact satisfied the creditor in discharge
                                                         of that duty, the law which governs the third person's duty to satisfy the creditor shall
                                                         determine whether the third person is entitled to exercise against the debtor the rights which
                                                         the creditor had against the debtor under the law governing their relationship and, if so,
                                                         whether he may do so in full or only to a limited extent.
                                                         2. The same rule applies where several persons are subject to the same contractual claim
                                                         and one of them has satisfied the creditor.
                                                         Article 14 - Burden of proof, etc.
                                                         1. The law governing the contract under this Convention applies to the extent that it contains,
                                                         in the law of contract, rules which raise presumptions of law or determine the burden of proof.
                                                         2. A contract or an act intended to have legal effect may be proved by any mode of proof
                                                         recognised by the law of the forum or by any of the laws referred to in Article 9 under which
                                                         that contract or act is formally valid, provided that such mode of proof can be administered by
                                                         the forum.
                                                         Article 15 - Exclusion of renvoi
                                                         The application of the law of any country specified by this Convention means the application
                                                         of the rules of law in force in that country other than its rules of private international law.
                                                         Article 16 - "Ordre public"
                                                         The application of a rule of the law of any country specified by this Convention may be
                                                         refused only if such application is manifestly incompatible with the public policy ("ordre
                                                         public") of the forum.
                                                         Article 17 - No retrospective effect
                                                         This Convention shall apply in a Contracting State to contracts made after the date on which
                                                         this Convention has entered into force with respect to that State.
                                                         Article 18 - Uniform interpretation
                                                         In the interpretation and application of the preceding uniform rules, regard shall be had to their
                                                         international character and to the desirability of achieving uniformity in their interpretation and
                                                         application.
                                                         Article 19 - States with more than one legal system
                                                         1. Where a State comprises several territorial units each of which has its own rules of law in
                                                         respect of contractual obligations, each territorial unit shall be considered as a country for the
                                                         purposes of identifying the law applicable under this Convention.
                                                         2. A State within which different territorial units have their own rules of law in respect of
                                                         contractual obligations shall not be bound to apply this Convention to conflicts solely between
                                                         the laws of such units.
                                                         Article 20 - Precedence of Community law
                                                         This Convention shall not affect the application of provisions which, in relation to particular
                                                         matters, lay down choice of law rules relating to contractual obligations and which are or will
                                                         be contained in acts of the institutions of the European Communities or in national laws
                                                         harmonised in implementation of such acts.
                                                         Article 21- Relationship with other conventions
                                                         This Convention shall not prejudice the application of international conventions to which a
                                                         Contracting State is, or becomes, a party.
                                                         Article 22 - Reservations
                                                         1. Any Contracting State may, at the time of signature, ratification, acceptance or approval,
                                                         reserve the right not to apply:
                                                         (a) the provisions of Article 7 (1)
                                                         (b) the provisions of Article 10 (1) (e).
                                                         2. Any Contracting State may also, when notifying an extension of the Convention in
                                                         accordance with Article 27 (2), make one or more of these reservations, with its effect limited
                                                         to all or some of the territories mentioned in the extension.
                                                         3. Any Contracting State may at any time withdraw a reservation which it has made
                                                         Title III - Final Provisions
                                                         Article 23
                                                         1. If, after the date on which this Convention has entered into force for a Contracting State,
                                                         that State wishes to adopt any new choice of law rule in regard to any particular category of
                                                         contract within the scope of this Convention, it shall communicate its intention to the other
                                                         signatory States through the Secretary-General of the Council of the European Communities.
                                                         2. Any signatory State may, within six months from the date of the communication made to the
                                                         Secretary-General, request him to arrange consultations between signatory States in order to
                                                         reach agreement.
                                                         3. If no signatory State has requested consultations within this period or if within two years
                                                         following the communication made to the Secretary-General no agreement is reached in the
                                                         course of consultations, the Contracting State concerned may amend its law in the manner
                                                         indicated. The measures taken by that State shall be brought to the knowledge of the other
                                                         signatory States through the Secretary-General of the Council of the European Communities.
                                                         Article 24
                                                         1. If, after the date on which this Convention has entered into force with respect to a
                                                         Contracting State, that State wishes to become a party to a multilateral convention whose
                                                         principal aim or one of whose principal aims is to lay down rules of private international law
                                                         concerning any of the matters governed by this Convention, the procedure set out in Article 23
                                                         shall apply. However, the period of two years, referred to in paragraph 3 of that Article, shall
                                                         be reduced to one year.
                                                         2. The procedure referred to in the preceding paragraph need not be followed if a Contracting
                                                         State or one of the European Communities is already a party to the multilateral convention, or
                                                         if its object is to revise a convention to which the State concerned is already a party, or if it is a
                                                         convention concluded within the framework of the Treaties establishing the European
                                                         Communities.
                                                         Article 25
                                                         If a Contracting State considers that the unification achieved by this Convention is prejudiced
                                                         by the conclusion of agreements not covered by Article 24 (1), that State may request the
                                                         Secretary-General of the Council of the European Communities to arrange consultations
                                                         between the signatory States of this Convention.
                                                         Article 26
                                                         Any Contracting State may request the revision of this Convention. In this event a revision
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conference shall be convened by the President of the Council of the European Communities. 1. This Convention shall apply to the European territories of the Contracting States, including

Greenland, and to the entire territory of the French Republic.

2. Notwithstanding paragraph 1:

Article 28

(a) this Convention shall not apply to the Faroe Islands, unless the Kingdom of Denmark makes a declaration to the contrary (b) this Convention shall not apply to any European territory situated outside the United Kingdom for the international relations of which the United Kingdom is responsible, unless the

United Kingdom makes a declaration to the contrary in respect of any such territory (c) this Convention shall apply to the Netherlands Antilles, if the Kingdom of the Netherlands makes a declaration to that effect. 3. Such declarations may be made at any time by notifying the SecretaryGeneral of the

Council of the European Communities. 4. Proceedings brought in the United Kingdom on appeal from courts in one of the territories referred to in paragraph 2 (b) shall be deemed to be proceedings taking place in those courts.

Treaty establishing the European Economic Community. 2. This Convention shall be subject to ratification, acceptance or approval by the signatory States. The instruments of ratification, acceptance or approval shall be deposited with the

1. This Convention shall be open from 19 June 1980 for signature by the States party to the

Secretary-General of the Council of the European Communities. Article 29 1. This Convention shall enter into force on the first day of the third month following the

deposit of the seventh instrument of ratification, acceptance or approval. 2. This Convention shall enter into force for each signatory State ratifying, accepting or

approving at a later date on the first day of the third month following the deposit of its instrument of ratification, acceptance or approval. Article 30

1. This Convention shall remain in force for 10 years from the date of its entry into force in accordance with Article 29 (1), even for States for which it enters into force at a later date. 2. If there has been no denunciation it shall be renewed tacitly every five years.

3. A Contracting State which wishes to denounce shall, not less than six months before the expiration of the period of 10 or five years, as the case may be, give notice to the Secretary-General of the Council of the European Communities. Denunciation may be limited to any

territory to which the Convention has been extended by a declaration under Article 27 (2). Convention will remain in force as between all other Contracting States.

4. The denunciation shall have effect only in relation to the State which has notified it. The Article 31

The Secretary-General of the Council of the European Communities shall notify the States

party to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community (a) the signatures

(b) the deposit of each instrument of ratification, acceptance or approval

(c) the date of entry into force of this Convention (d) communications made in pursuance of Articles 23, 24, 25, 26, 27 and 30

(e) the reservations and withdrawals of reservations referred to in Article 22. Article 32 The Protocol annexed to this Convention shall form an integral part thereof.

Article 33

This Convention, drawn up in a single original in the Danish, Dutch, English, French, German, Irish and Italian languages, these texts being equally authentic, shall be deposited in the archives of the Secretariat of the Council of the European Communities. The Secretary-General shall transmit a certified copy thereof to the Government of each signatory State.