CHAPTER 217

NATIONAL PRICES COMMISSION

No. 42 of 1975, Act No. 1 of 1979. A LAW TO PROVIDE FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A NATIONAL PRICES COMMISSION FOR THE FORMULATION AND IMPLEMENTATION OF A NATIONAL PRICE POLICY: AND FOR ALL MATTERS CONNECTED THEREWITH OR INCIDENTAL THERETO.

[27th Novembe, 1975.]

Short title.

1. This Law may be cited as the National Prices Commission Law.

PART 1

ESTABLISHMENT OF THE NATIONAL PRICES COMMISSION

National Prices Commission 2. There shall be established, on the 27th day of November, 1975, a Commission which shall be called the National Prices Commission (hereafter in this Law referred to as the "Commission"), and which shall consist of the persons who are for the time being members of the Commission under section 4.

The Commission to be a body corporate.

3. The Commission shall, by the name assigned to it by section 2, be a body corporate and shall have perpetual succession and a common seal and may sue and be sued in its own name.

Members of the Commission.

- **4.** (1) The Commission shall consist of seven members appointed by the Minister.
- (2) A person shall be disqualified from being appointed or for continuing as a member of the Commission if he is a Member of Parliament.
- (3) Where a member of the Commission is by reason of illness, infirmity or absence from Sri Lanka temporarily unable to perform the duties of his office, the Minister may appoint any person to act in his place.
- (4) The Minister may without assigning any reason remove any member of the Commission from office. The removal of any member of the Commission from office shall not be called in question in any court or tribunal.

- (5) A member of the Commission may resign from the Commission by letter addressed to the Minister.
- (6) Subject to the provisions of subsections (4) and (5), the term of office of the members of the Commission shall be three years;

Provided that a member of the Commission appointed in place of a member who resigns or is removed or otherwise vacates office, shall, unless he earlier resigns or is removed or otherwise vacates office, hold office for the unexpired part of the term of office of the member whom he succeeds.

- (7) Any member of the Commission vacating office by effluxion of time shall be eligible for reappointment.
- **5.** (1) The Minister shall appoint one of the members of the Commission as the Chairman of the Commission.

Chairman of the Commission.

- (2) If the Chairman of the Commission is temporarily unable to function as Chairman, the Minister may appoint any member of the Commission to act as Chairman of the Commission.
- (3) The Chairman of the Commission shall, unless he resigns or is removed from or vacates the office of Chairman earlier, hold such office during the term for which he is a member of the Commission.
- (4) The Chairman of the Commission may resign the office of Chairman by letter addressed to the Minister.

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(5) The Minister may without assigning any reason terminate the appointment of any member of the Commission as Chairman, and such termination shall not be called in question in any court or tribunal.

Remuneration of members of the Commission.

6. All or any of the members of the Commission may be paid such remuneration as may be determined by the Minister with the concurrence of the Minister in charge of the subject of Finance.

Members to disclose interest in any decision to be made by Commission.

7. A member of the Commission who is directly or indirectly interested in any matter which forms the subject of any proceeding of the Commission or of any decision proposed to be made by the Commission, shall disclose the nature of his interest at a meeting of the Commission and such member shall not take part in any proceeding or decision in respect of such matter.

Officers and servants of the Commission.

- **8.** (I) There shall be appointed with the concurrence of the Minister, a Secretary-General to the Commission (hereinafter in this Law referred to as the "Secretary-General "). The Secretary-General shall be chief executive officer Commission and shall at all times act under the direction of the Commission.
- (2) There shall be appointed such other officers, servants and advisers as are necessary for the performance of the work of the Commission.
- (3) At the request of the Commission any officer of the public service may, with the consent of the officer and the Secretary to the Ministry charged with the subject of Public Administration, be temporarily appointed to the staff of the Commission for such period as may be determined by the Commission with like consent, or may be permanently appointed to the staff of the Commission.
- (4) The provisions of subsection (2) of section 9 (other than the provisions of paragraph (a) of that subsection) of the Motor Transport Act, No. 48 of 1957*, shall, mutatis mutandis, apply to and in

relation to any officer of the public service who is temporarily appointed to the staff of the Commission, and the provisions of subsection (3) of the aforesaid section 9 shall, mutatis mutandis, apply to and in relation to any officer in the public service who is permanently appointed to such staff.

(5) The officers, servants and advisers of the Commission shall be remunerated at such rates as may be determined by the Commission in consultation with the Minister.

[§35, I of I979-1

- (6) All officers, servants and advisers of the Commission shall be deemed to be public servants within the meaning of and for the purposes of the Penal Code.
- (7) The Commission shall be deemed to be a scheduled institution within the meaning of the Bribery Act and the provisions of that Act shall be construed accordingly.
- **9.** (1) Where the Chairman is present at Proceedings at any meeting of the Commission, he shall preside at such meeting, and in the absence of the Chairman the members present at a meeting of the Commission shall choose from among themselves a Chairman for that meeting.

meetings of the Commission.

- (2) The quorum for any meeting of the Commission shall be three.
- (3) The Chairman of any meeting of the Commission shall have, in addition to his ow-n vote, a casting vote.
- (4) Subject to the other provisions of this Law and any regulations made thereunder, the Commission may regulate the procedure in regard to its meetings and the transaction of business at such meetings.
- **10.** No act or proceeding of Commission shall be invalid by reason only may act despite of the existence of a vacancy among its members or any defect in the appointment of any of its members.

the Commission a vacancy.

11. The seal of the Commission shall be in the custody of the Chairman.

Custody of the seal of the Commission.

[&]quot; Repealed by Law No. 19 of 1978.

Application of the seal of the Commission.

12. The application of the seal of the Commission shall be authenticated by the signature of the Chairman or some other member of the Commission authorized to authenticate the application of such seal.

PART II

FUNCTIONS AND POWERS OF THE COMMISSION

Functions and Powers of the Commission.

- The functions of the Commission shall be-
 - (a) to examine any request made to it under section 17 or under section 18, and in appropriate cases, to fix the maximum factory, wholesale or retail prices above which any article referred to in such request shall not be sold or to set out the price structure according to which such prices shall be fixed;
 - (b) to examine any matter specified in a reference made to it under section 23 and to tender advice in respect of such matter, in the form of a report to the relevant agency making such reference;
 - (c) to examine any matter specified in a reference made to it under section 24 and to tender advice in respect of such matter, in the form of a report to the Minister making such reference.

[§35. 1 of 1979.)

(d) to examine and report on any matter in terms of section 24A.

Matters to which the Commission shall give special regard. [§35, 1 of 1979.]

- 13A. In the exercise of its functions under this Law, the Commission shall have special regard to the following matters;—
 - (a) the protection of the interests of consumers of articles;
 - (b) the provision of necessary incentives to producers of articles;
 - (c) the necessity for ensuring reasonable rates of return on capital employed in the production of articles or the provision of services;

- (d) the allocation or resources among different sectors of the economy of the country;
- (e) the efficient operation of Public Corporations engaged the production of articles the provision of services or in any activity connected with or incidental to the production of articles or the provision of services;
- (f) the control of inflation;
- (g) other objectives of economic and social policy of the Government; and
- (h) any guidelines that may from time to time be given by the Minister.
- 14. The Commission may require the Power lo manufacturers, importers and distributors require of any article and the Government maintenance of Department or Public Corporation engaged furnishing of in the provision of any service—

records and the

- (a) to maintain records in respect of such matters and in such forms as may be determined by the Commission; and
- (b) to furnish to the Commission returns in respect of such matters, at such intervals and in such forms as may be determined by the Commission.
- 15. (1) The Commission may by notice Power of require any person to furnish any such Commission to information or to produce any such document as the Commission may consider necessary for the proper exercise of its powers or the discharge of its functions, and •it shall be the duty of any person who receives such notice to comply with the terms of such notice, notwithstanding the provisions of any written law which prohibit person from disclosing information or from producing document:

Provided, however, that nothing in this subsection shall be read and construed as enabling the Commission by notice to require any person to furnish any information or to produce any document, if the disclosure of such information or the

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production of such document by such person is prohibited by any provision of the Inland Revenue Act or the Exchange Control Act.

- (2) Where a person is prohibited by the provisions of any written law from disclosing any information or from producing any document which he may be required to disclose or to produce under the provisions of subsection (1), such disclosure or production by him shall, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in any such written law, not be deemed to be a contravention of such written law.
- (3) No information contained in a return furnished under section 14, and no information furnished or the contents of a document produced, in compliance with the terms of a notice issued under this section shall be published or communicated by the Commission to any other person except with the consent of the person furnishing such return or information, or producing such document, as the case may be, or in the course of the discharge of the functions of the Commission.

Power to hold inquiries,

16. (1) The Commission may hold such inquiries as it may deem necessary or expedient for the discharge of its functions.,

[§35,1 of 1979-]

- (2) The Commission may give to alt persons including representatives of associations or organizations of consumers interested in a matter which forms the subject of an inquiry held under this section an opportunity of being heard and of producing such evidence, oral or documentary, as in the opinion of the Commission is relevant to such matter.
- (3) For the purposes of any inquiry held by the Commission under the provisions of subsection (I), the Commission shall have all the powers of a District Court—
 - (a) to summon and compel the attendance of any witness;
 - (b) to compel the production of documents, and
 - (c) to administer any oath or affirmation to any witness.

- (4) Where any person—
- (a) without sufficient reason publishes any statement or does anything during the progress or after the conclusion of any inquiry conducted by such Commission, which may bring the Commission or any member thereof into disrepute; or
- (b) interferes with the lawful process of the Commission; or
- (c) in the course of an inquiry held under the provisions of subsection (1)—
 - (i) fails without cause, which in the opinion of the Commission is reasonable, to appear before the Commission at the time and place specified in any summons issued by the Commission to such person;
 - (ii) refuses to be sworn, or having been duly sworn, refuses or fails without cause, which in the opinion of the Commission is reasonable, to answer any questions put to him relating to any matters being inquired into by the Commission; or
 - (iii) refuses or fails without cause, which in the opinion of the Commission is reasonable, to produce and show to the Commission any document which is in his possession or power, and which in the opinion of the Commission is relevant to any matters being inquired into by the Commission,

such person shall be guilty of the offence of contempt against or in disrespect of the authority of the Commission.

(5) Where the Commission determines that a person has committed any offence of contempt against or in disrespect of its authority, the Commission may cause its

Secretary-General to transmit to the District Court a certificate setting determination; every such certificate shall be signed by the Chairman.

- (6) In any proceedings for the punishment of an offence of contempt which the District Court may think fit to take cognizance of as provided in subsection (8), any document purporting to be a certificate signed and transmitted to the Court under subsection (5) shall-
 - (a) be received in evidence and be deemed to be such a certificate without further proof unless the contrary is proved; and
 - (b) be conclusive evidence that the determination set out in the certificate was made by the Commission and of the facts staled in the determination.
- (7) In any proceedings taken as provided in subsection (8) for the punishment of any alleged offence of contempt against or in disrespect of the authority of the Commission. member the no Commission shall, except with his own consent, be summoned and examined as a witness.
- (8) Every offence of contempt committed against or in disrespect of the authority of the Commission shall be punishable by the District Court under section 55 of the Judicature Act as though it were an offence of contempt of thai Court committed in its presence.

PART III

REOUESTS, REFERENCES, AND DIRECTIONS TO THE COMMISSION

- 17. If it appears to the Controller of Prices that there is or there is likely to arise in Sri Lanka a shortage of any article, other prescribed article, than unreasonable increase in the price of such first-mentioned article or that the price at which such article is being sold is excessive. he may request the Commission
 - fix the maximum factory, wholesale or retail prices above

which such article shall not be sold or set out the price structure according to which such maximum prices shall be fixed; or

(h) in the case of an article in respect of which there is an Order under section 20, for the lime being in force, fixing the maximum prices above which such article shall not be sold, or setting out the price structure according to which such maximum prices shall be fixed, to vary the maximum prices fixed or the price structure set out by such Order:

Provided that the Controller of Prices may, where he deems it necessary to do so in a case of extreme urgency, fix, by Order published in the Gazette, the maximum prices of such article and at the same time make such a request to the Commission; and such Order shall, until confirmed or varied by the Commission, be deemed to be an Order made by the Commission under section 20.

18. A relevant agency may in the case of Relevant an article in respect of which there is an Order under section 20, for the time being in force, fixing the maximum prices above vary the prices which such article shall not be sold or fixed by Order setting out the price stucture according to which such maximum prices shall be fixed, request the Commission to vary the prices fixed or the price structure set out by such Order.

request Commission to for an article.

- 19. All requests made under section 17 Requests under or section 18 shall be in forms determined for the purpose by the Commission.
- 20. (1) Upon receipt of a request under Procedure and section 17 or section 18, the Commission powers of may cause a notice to be published in the Gazette, to the effect that it has received such request and inviting any persons section 17 or interested in such request to submit to it their views and comments on such request.

Commission. Commission on receipt of a request under section 18.

sections 17 and 18 to be in

forms determined by

- (2) The views and comments referred to in subsection (1) shall be submitted in such manner and within such period as may be determined by the Commission.
- (3) If, after examination of a request made under either of the aforementioned

Controller of Prices may request Commission to fix the prices, or to set out the price structure, of certain articles.

sections and a consideration of the views and comments, if any, submitted in relation thereto under subsection (2) or by the Controller of Prices, the Commission is statisfied that such request is reasonable, U shall-

- (a) in the case of a request made under section 17 (a), by Order published in the Gazette, fix the maximum factory, wholesale or retail prices above which the article referred to in such request, shall not be sold or set out the price structure according to which such maximum prices shall be fixed: and
- (b) in the case of a request made under section 17 (b) or section 18, vary the Order fixing the maximum factory, wholesale or retail prices above which the article referred to in such request, shall not be sold or setting out the price structure according to which such maximum prices shall be fixed.
- (4) Every Order made under subsection (3) shall come into operation on the date on which such Order is published in the Gazette.
- (5) An Order under subsection (3) may prescribe the conditions of the sale of the article specified in such Order, including conditions as to the time and place of the sale and the quantity and quality of the article to be sold.
- (6) Where a request under section 17 or section 18 is in respect only of the retail or of the wholesale or of the factory price, as the case may be, of an article, the Commission, when fixing by an Order under subsection (3) the maximum retail or wholesale or factory price, as the case may be, above which such article shall not be sold, may by the same Order also fix the maximum wholesale and factory prices, or the maximum retail and factory prices, or the maximum retail and wholesale prices, as the case may be, above which such article shall not be sold.

*(7) Every Order made under section 4 of the Control of Prices Act, prior to the repeal of that section by Law No. 43 of 1975, in respect of any article, and in force on the 26th day of November, 1975, shall, in so far as that Order is not inconsistent with the provisions of this Law, be deemed to be an Order made under this section of this Law.

21. Where a request is made to the Time limit Commission under section 17 or section 18, it shall exercise the powers and discharge duties under the duties conferred and imposed on it by section 20 in relation to such request within to be exercised a period of two months from the date on discharged. which such request is received:

within which powers and section 20 arc

[§2, Law 43 of

Provided that the Minister may, from time to time, by Order published in the Gazette, extend the lime within which the Commission shall exercise such powers or discharge such duties in respect of such request.

22. (1) The Minister may rescind or vary any Order made by the Commission under section 20.

Power of minister to rescind or vary an Order made under section 20.

- (2) Where an Order is rescinded or varied by the Minister under subsection (1), notification of such rescission or variation shall be published in the Gazette and the Order made under section 20 shall be deemed to be rescinded or varied, as the case may be, with effect from the date of such publication but without prejudice to anything done or suffered thereunder or any right, obligation or liability acquired, accrued or incurred thereunder.
- 23. (1) A relevant agency proposing to Obligatory vary the price of a prescribed article or the reference in the charge for any prescribed service shall variation of inform the Commission of its proposal and price or charge the Commission the of any shall refer to examination of the question of such article or proposed variation of price or charge, as the prescribed and accordingly case may be. Commission shall examine such question and report to the relevant agency making such reference within such period as may be specified in such reference:

Provided that if the relevant agency is a person other than the Chairman of a Public

prescribed

[§35, 1 of 1979.]

[•] Sec section 2 (2) of Law No. 43 of 1975.

Corporation or the Head of a Government Department any reference under this section shall only be made through a Minister and the Commission shall examine any question so referred and report to such Minister.

(2) A relevant agency shall not vary the price of a prescribed article or the charge for any prescribed service until after the Commission has examined and reported on the question of such variation of price or charge, as the case may be:

[§35.1 of 1979.]

Provided that a relevant agency, if such agency is the Chairman of a Public Corporation or the Head of a Government Department may, where it is deemed necessary to do so, in a case of extreme urgency increase the price of such prescribed article or the charge of such prescribed service, pending a report from the Commission on a reference made by such agency under subsection (1).

Advisory reference

24. (1) Any Minister may, either of his own motion or on representations made to him by any person or any body of persons, refer any question relating to the price of any article or the charge for any service to the Commission for examination and report, and accordingly, the Commission shall examine such question and send its report to the Minister making such reference, within such period as may be specified in such reference.

[§35, 1 of 1979.]

(2) The Minister may cause to be published any report made to him under subsection (1) or any recommendation in such report in such manner as he thinks fit.

Commission to review questions relating to prices of articles, &c. [§35, 1 of 1979.1

24A. The Commission may, either of its own motion or on representations made to it by any person or body of persons, review any question relating to the price of any article or the charge for any service and report to any Minister within such period as the Commission may consider reasonable.

PART IV

FINANCE AND ACCOUNTS OF THE COMMISSION

Fund of the Commission.

25. (1) The Commission shall have its own Fund.

- (2) There shall be paid into the Fund of the Commission—
 - (a) all such amounts as may be voted from time to time by Parliament for the use of the Commission: and
 - (b) all such sums of money that may be received by the Commission in the exercise, discharge and performance of its powers, duties and functions.
- (3) There shall be paid out of the Fund of the Commission all such sums of money required to defray the expenses incurred by the Commission in the exercise, discharge and performance of its powers, duties and functions under this Law or any other written law, and all such sums of money as are required to be paid by the Commission by or under this Law.
- 26. The financial vear of the Commission shall be the period of twelve months commencing on the first day of January each year.

Financial year of the commission

27. The provisions of the Corporations (Financial Control) Act shall, mutatis mutandis, apply to the financial control and accounts of the Commission.

Public Application of provisions of the Public Corporations (Financial Control) Act.

PART V

MISCELLANEOUS

28. The remuneration payable under section 6 to members of the Commission, of the and all other expenditure incurred by the Commission in the exercise of its powers, the discharge of its duties and the performance of its functions under this Law shall be paid out of moneys voted for the purpose by Parliament.

Expenditure Commission.

- 29. No civil or criminal proceedings Protection for shall be instituted—
 - (a) against the Commission for any act which in good faith is done or purported to be done by the Commission under this Law; or
 - (b) against any member, officer or servant of the Commission for any act which in good faith is done or purported to be done by him under this Law.

action taken under this

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Regulations

- **30.** (1) The Minister may make regulations for the purpose of carrying out or giving effect to the principles and provisions of this Law.
- (2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the powers conferred by subsection (1), the Minister may make regulations—
 - (a) for all matters stated or required by this Law to be prescribed;
 - (b) prescribing articles and services for the purposes of this Law;
 - (c) prescribing the manner in which meetings of the Commission shall be convened:
 - (d) prescribing the manner of conduct of meetings of the Commission;
 - (e) prescribing the persons by whom, and the manner in which, the expenses of witnesses summoned to attend inquiries held by the Commission, are to be paid.
- (3) Every regulation made by the Minister shall be published in the Gazette and shall come into operation on the date of such publication or on such later date as may be specified in such regulation.
- (4) Every regulation made by the Minister shall, as soon as convenient after its publication in the Gazette, be brought before Parliament for approval. Any regulation which is not so approved shall be deemed to be rescinded as from the date of such disapproval, but without prejudice to anything previously done thereunder.
- (5) Notification of the date on which any regulation made by the Minister is so deemed to be rescinded shall be published in the Gazette.

Offences and penalties.

- 31. (1) Any person who—
- (a) contravenes or fails to comply with any provisions of this Law, or any direction lawfully given, or any requirement lawfully imposed under this Law; or

- (b) omits or refuses—
 - (i) to furnish a return when required by the Commission to do so under section 14; or
 - (ii) to furnish any information or to produce any document when required to do so by a notice sent under section 15: or
- (c) knowingly makes any false statement in any return furnished by him under this Law, or knowingly furnishes any false information when required by the Commission to furnish any information,

shall be guilty of an offence under this Law and shall, on conviction after trial before a Magistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding five thousand rupees or to imprisonment of either description for a period not exceeding one year or to both such fine and imprisonment.

- (2) Where any offence under this Law is committed by a body of persons, then—
 - (a) if the body of persons is a body corporate, every director and officer of such body corporate; and
 - (b) if the body of persons is a firm, every partner of that firm,

shall be deemed guilty of that offence:

Provided that no such director, officer or partner shall be deemed guilty of that offence if he proves that such offence was committed without his knowledge or that he exercised all due diligence to prevent the commission of such offence.

- (3) No prosecution for any offence under this Law shall be instituted except with (he written sanction of the Attorney-General.
- The provisions of this Law shall This Law to effect notwithstanding anything prevail over have contained in any other written law, and accordingly, in the event of any conflict or inconsistency between the provisions of this Law and such other written law. the provisions of this Law shall prevail.

other written

Interpretation.

33. In this Law, unless the context otherwise requires—

- " article" means any article of food, drink, or merchandise;
- " Chairman " means the person appointed under this Law to be or to act as Chairman of the Commission;
- "Controller of Prices" means the Controller of Prices appointed under section 2 of the Control of Prices Act;
- " prescribed " means prescribed by regulation made under this Law;
- "Public Corporation" means any corporation, board or other body

which was or is established by or under any written law other than the Companies Ordinance * with capital partly or wholly provided by the Government by way of grant. loan or other form;

" relevant agency "—

[§35.I of 1979.]

- (a) in relation to any article, means the manufacturer, importer or distributor of such article or any other person responsible for fixing the price of such article; and
- (b) in relation to a prescribed service means the Chairman of the Public Corporation or Head of the Government Department or any other person providing such service.

^{*} Repealed and replaced by the Companies Act, No. 17 of 1982.