CHAPTER 366

NATIONAL FILM CORPORATION OF SRI LANKA

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A NATIONAL FILM CORPORATION Acts Nos.47of 1971, IN SRI LANKA. 45 of 1980.

[21st January, 1972.]

Short title, [§ 2, 45 of 1980.]

1. This Act may be cited as the National Film Corporation of Sri Lanka Act.

PART I

CONSTITUTION. POWERS AND DUTIES. &C., OF THE NATIONAL FILM CORPORATION OF SRI LANKA

Establishment of the National Film Corporation of Sri Lanka. [§ 2, 45 of 1980.]

- **2.** (1) There shall be established a corporation which shall be called the National Film Corporation of Sri Lanka referred (hereinafter Corporation "), and which shall consist of the persons who are for the time being members of the Corporation under section 3.
- (2) The Corporation shall by the name assigned to it by subsection (1) be a body corporate and shall have perpetual succession and a common seal and may sue and be sued in its corporate name.

Members of the Corporation.

3. The members of the Board of Directors shall be the members of the Corporation.

General objects of the Corporation.

- 4. The general objects of the Corporation shall be—
 - (a) to import films, photographic equipment and material or accessories necessary for the production or exhibition of films;
 - (b) to export films, including the purchase and stocking of such films for the purpose of such exportation;
 - (c) to distribute and supply films, photographic equipment and

material or accessories for the production or exhibition of films;

- (d) to establish, instal and operate studios and cinemas and to provide facilities for the production of films in Sri Lanka:
- (dd) to ensure the provision by cinemas [§ 3, 45 of and studios of adequate services 1980.] and facilities necessary for the convenience and safety of patrons of, and workers in, cinemas and studios:

- (e) to engage in and to assist financially or otherwise in the production of films in Sri Lanka:
- (f) to promote, encourage and develop the film industry and maintain high standards in regard to films produced in Sri Lanka, by-
 - (i) awarding prizes distinctions of recognition to producers of films outstanding merit,
 - (ii) sponsoring and holding conferences and seminars.
 - (iii) holding or participating in film festivals, and
 - (iv) publishing film journals and magazines;
- (g) to promote and expand the demand for and trade in films produced in Sri Lanka both within and outside Sri Lanka.

- (h) to conduct market research on films in Sri Lanka and outside Sri Lanka:
- (i) to foster co-operation and ordination among persons connected with or engaged in the film industry in and outside Sri Lanka:
- (j) to advise the Minister on matters connected with the film industry.

Powers of the Corporation.

- 5. The Corporation shall have such powers, rights and functions as may reasonably be necessary to carry out its objects and in particular may—
 - (a) acquire in any manner whatsoever and hold and take or give on lease or hire, mortgage, pledge, sell or otherwise dispose of, any movable or immovable property;
 - (b) acquire, establish, instal and operate studios and cinemas:

[§ 4,45 of 1980.]

(bb) to control, supervise and inspect cinemas and studios or institutions engaged in the film industry;

[§ 4, 45 of 1980.]

- (bbb) to control the establishment and installation of cinemas:
- (c) acquire by purchase or otherwise any rights or privileges considered necessary for the purpose of the business of the Corporation;
- (d) exercise the exclusive right to import, sell, hire, supply and distribute films, equipment and raw material necessary for the production and exhibition of films;
- (e) export films produced in Sri Lanka;
- (f) engage in the production of films either alone or in collaboration with any other organization or person;
- (g) register, inspect, control and regulate contracts and agreements relating to the production of films in Sri

- (h) appoint, employ, remunerate and have disciplinary control over its officers, servants and agents;
- (i) establish and provident maintain funds, and provide welfare and facilities recreational for employees;
- (i) make rules in respect of the administration of the affairs of the Corporation;
- (k) delegate to any Director, officer or agent of the Corporation any such function as may be considered necessary for the efficient transaction of its business;
- (1) levy fees or charges for services, facilities or equipment provided by the Corporation;
- (m) establish, maintain and training institutions for technicians, artistes or other personnel engaged in or connected with the film industry for the purpose advancing the skill of such persons;
- (n) provide credit facilities for production of films; and
- (o) adopt all such measures as may be considered necessary for, conducive or incidental to the attainment of the objects of the Corporation,
- 6. In the exercise of its powers and the Corporation to carrying out of its objects under this Act, exercise its. the Corporation shall comply with the directions general policy of the Government with of the Minister. respect to the film industry and with any general or special directions issued by the Minister in relation to such policy.

7. (1) The Corporation shall have a Board of Directors consisting of-

Board of Directors of the Corporation.

- (a) three ex officio members, namely—
 - (i) the Director of Information,
 - (u) the Director of Cultural Affairs.
 - (iii) the Director-General of Broadcasting; and

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- (b) six members appointed by the Minister of whom-
 - (i) two shall represent the Universities and shall be appointed in consultation with the Minister in charge of the subject or function of Higher Education, and
 - (ii) two at least shall be from persons who appear to the Minister to have had experience in matters relating to the film industry.
- (2) A person shall be disqualified for being appointed, or for continuing, as a Director-
 - (a) if he is a Member of Parliament; or
 - (b) if he, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any person on his behalf or for his use or benefit, holds or enjoys any right or benefit under any contract made by or on behalf of the Corporation; or
 - (c) if he has any such financial or other interest as is likely to affect prejudicially the discharge by him of his functions as a Director.
- (3) (a) Where a Director appointed under paragraph (b) of subsection (1) dies or resigns or is removed from office, the Minister may, having regard to the provisions of that paragraph of that subsection, appoint any other person to be a Director in place of the Director who dies, resigns or is removed from office.
- appointed (6) Any Director under paragraph (a) of this subsection, unless he earlier resigns or vacates his office by death or removal, shall hold office for the unexpired part of the term of office of the Director whom he succeeds.
- (4) Where a Director appointed under paragraph (b) of subsection (1) is, by reason of illness or other infirmity or absence from Sri Lanka, temporarily unable to perform the duties of his office, the Minister may, having regard to the provisions of that paragraph, appoint any person to act in his place.

- 8. (1) Every Director appointed under Term of office paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 7 of Directors. shall, unless he vacates office earlier by death, resignation or removal, hold office for a period of three years.
- (2) Every ex officio Director shall hold office as long as he holds the post by virtue of which he was appointed as a Director.
- **9.** (1) The Minister may, if he considers Power of it expedient to do so, remove, by Order Minister to published in the Gazette, any Director appointed under paragraph (b) subsection (1) of section 7 without reasons stated.

remove from office a of Director.

- (2) A Director in respect of whom an Order under subsection (1) is made by the Minister shall vacate his office on the date of the publication of such Order in the Gazette.
- (3) The removal of any Director under subsection (1) shall not be called in question in any court.
- **10.** A Director, other than an ex officio Resignation of Director, may at any time resign his office Directors. by letter addressed to the Minister.
- 11. Any Director who vacates his office, Eligibility for other than a Director who is removed from reappointment office under section 9, shall be eligible for reappointment.

as Director.

12. No act or proceeding of the Acts or Corporation shall be deemed to be invalid proceedings by reason only of the existence of any Corporation vacancy among its Directors or defect in the deemed not to appointment of any Director thereof.

be invalid by reason of any vacancy or defect in the appointment of a Director.

13. All or any of the Directors may be Remuneration paid such remuneration out of the funds of the Corporation, as may be determined by the Minister with the concurrence of the Minister in charge of the subject of Finance.

of Directors.

14. A Director who is directly or Directors to indirectly interested in a contract proposed disclose to be made by the Corporation shall contract disclose the nature of his interest in such proposed to be contract at a meeting of the Directors of the Corporation.

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Corporation and shall not take part in any deliberation or decision of the Directors with respect to such contract.

Meetings of the Corporation.

- **15.** (1) Rules may be made under this Act in respect of the meetings of the Corporation and the quorum for and the procedure to be followed at such meetings.
- (2) The financial year of the Corporation shall be the period of twelve months commencing on the first day of January.

Chairman of any meeting of the Board to have a casting vote.

The Chairman of any meeting of the Board of Directors shall, in addition to his own vote, have a casting vote.

Board of Directors to administer the affairs of the Corporation.

17. The Board of Directors shall administer the affairs, may exercise the powers, and shall perform the duties, of the Corporation.

Delegation of powers and duties of Board of Directors.

- **18.** (1) The Board of Directors may delegate to the Chairman or any other Director or any employee of such Board any of its powers and duties.
- (2) The Chairman, other Director or employee to whom any of the powers or duties of the Board have been delegated under subsection (1) shall exercise or perform the powers or duties so delegated subject to the general or special directions of the Board.

Chairman of Board of Directors. [§ 5, 45 of 1980.]

- 19. (1) The Minister shall appoint a Chairman of the Board of Directors from among the Directors. The Chairman shall be the chief executive officer of the Corporation.
- (2) If the Chairman is, by reason of illness or other infirmity or absence from Sri Lanka, temporarily unable to perform the duties of his office, the Minister may appoint one of the Directors to act in his place.
- (3) The Minister may, without assigning a reason, terminate the appointment of the Chairman. The termination of the appointment of the Chairman shall not be called in question in any court.
- (4) The Chairman may resign the office of Chairman by letter addressed to the Minister.

- (5) Subject to the provisions subsection (3) and subsection (4), the term of office of the Chairman shall be the period of his membership of the Board of Directors.
- **20.** (1) The seal of the Corporation shall be in the custody of the Board of Directors.

Seal of the Corporation.

- (2) The seal of the Corporation may be altered in such manner as may be determined by the Board of Directors.
- (3) The seal of the Corporation shall not be affixed to any instrument or document except in the presence of a Director who shall sign the instrument or document in token of his presence.

PART II

EMPLOYEES OF THE CORPORATION

The Corporation may appoint to the Appointment staff of the Corporation such officers and servants as may be necessary for the purposes of the Corporation.

of officers and servants. [§ 6, 45 of 1980.]

22. (1) Subject to the other provisions Powers of the of this Act, the Corporation may-

Corporation in regard to the staff of the exercise Corporation.

- (a) appoint, dismiss and disciplinary control over the staff of the Corporation;
- (b) fix the wages or salary or other remuneration of such staff;
- (c) determine the terms and conditions of the service of such staff; and
- (d) establish and regulate provident funds and schemes for the benefit of such staff, and make contributions to any such fund or scheme.
- (2) Rules may be made under this Act in respect of all or any of the matters referred, to in subsection (1).
- (3) At the request of the Corporation, any officer in the public service may, with the consent of that officer and the Secretary to the Ministry charged with the subject of Public Administration, be temporarily

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appointed to the staff of the Corporation for such period as may be determined by the Corporation with like consent or be permanently appointed to such staff.

- (4) Where any officer in the public service is temporarily appointed to the staff of the Corporation, subsection (2) of section 9 of the Motor Transport Act, No. 48 of 1957*, shall mutatis mutandis apply to and in relation to him.
- (5) Where any officer in the public service is permanently appointed to the staff of the Corporation, subsection (3) of section 9 of the Motor Transport Act, No. 48 of 1957*, shall mutatis mutandis apply to and in relation to him.

Officers and servants of the Corporation deemed to be public servants.

The Corporation deemed to be ascheduled institution within the meaning of the Bribery Act.

23. All officers and servants of the Corporation shall be deemed to be public servants within the meaning and for the purposes of the Penal Code.

The Corporation shall be deemed to 24. be a scheduled institution within the meaning of the Bribery Act and the provisions of that Act shall be construed accordingly.

PART Ш

FINANCE

Capital of the Corporation.

- **25.** (1) The initial capital of the Corporation shall be ten million rupees.
- (2) The amount of the initial capital of the Corporation shall be paid to the Corporation out of the Consolidated Fund in such instalments as the Minister in charge of the subject of Finance may, after consultation with the Minister, determine.
- (3) The capital of the Corporation may be increased from time to time by such amount as may be determined by resolution of Parliament and that amount shall be paid out of the Consolidated Fund.
- (4) The capital of the Corporation contributed by the Government by way of grants shall not be reduced except in such manner as may be determined by resolution of Parliament.

(5) The Board of Directors may request the Minister for such advances from the Consolidated Fund as may be necessary for meeting the obligations of the Corporation or the discharge of its duties under this Act and the Minister may in consultation with the Minister in charge of the subject of Finance authorize such advances as may be required by way of loan carrying interest, repayable in such instalments and under such terms and conditions as may be determined by the Minister in charge of the subject of Finance.

26. The Corporation may with concurrence of both the Minister and the Minister in charge of the subject of Finance or in accordance with the terms of any authority general given with like concurrence, borrow by overdraft or otherwise, or negotiate and obtain on credit terms, such sums as the Corporation may require for meeting the obligations of the Corporation or carrying out its objects:

the Borrowing powers.

Provided that the aggregate of the amounts outstanding in respect of any loans raised by the Corporation under this section shall not at any time exceed such sum as may be determined by the Minister with the concurrence of the Minister in charge of the subject of Finance.

27. Any funds of the Corporation which Investment of are not immediately required for the the funds purposes of the business of the Corporation Corporation. may be invested by the Board of Directors in such manner as the Board may determine with the approval of the Minister given with the concurrence of the Minister in charge of the subject of Finance.

28. The revenue of the Corporation in Application of any year shall be applied in defraying the the revenue following charges in the order of priority set Corporation. out hereunder:—

(a) the working and establishment expenses (including allocations to the insurance reserve and depreciation reserve), in connexion with the exercise and performance of the powers and duties of the Corporation, properly chargeable revenue account and payment of taxes;

^{*} Repealed by Law No. 19 of 1978.

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- (b) the interest on any temporary loan raised by the Corporation;
- (c) any sums required to be transferred to any sinking fund or redemption fund; and
- (d) the interest on, and the repayment of, the principal of any Government loan to the Corporation.

Appropriation of net surplus revenue of the Corporation.

- 29. (1) The net surplus for any year out of the revenue of the Corporation after defraying the charges mentioned in section 28, and after payment of the contribution to the Consolidated Fund, may be appropriated by the Board of Directors for any or all of the following purposes with the approval of the Minister given with the concurrence of the Minister in charge of the subject of Finance:—
 - (a) writing off the preliminary expenses incurred in the formation of the Corporation;
 - (b) writing off any accumulated losses brought forward;
 - (c) writing off any unproductive expenditure not properly chargeable to revenue;
 - (d) transfers to any assets replacement reserve which the Board of Directors may establish and maintain;
 - (e) transfers to any loan redemption reserve which the Board of Directors may establish and maintain;
 - (f) transfers to any development reserve which the Board of Directors may establish and maintain.
- (2) No debits against or transfers out of the reserves mentioned in subsection (1) shall be made by the Board of Directors except with the approval of the Minister given with the concurrence of the Minister in charge of the subject of Finance.
- **30.** (1) The Board of Directors shall cause proper accounts of the income and expenditure of the Corporation and of all its

- other transactions to be kept and shall prepare an annual statement of accounts and statistics relating to the business of the Corporation in such form and containing such particulars as the Minister with the concurrence of the Minister in charge of the subject of Finance may from time to time specify.
- (2) The accounts of the Corporation for each financial year shall be submitted to the Auditor-General for audit within four months of the close of the financial year. For the purpose of assisting him in the audit of such accounts, the Auditor-General may employ the services of any qualified auditor or auditors who shall act under his direction and control.
- (3) For the purpose of meeting the expenses incurred by him in the audit of the accounts of the Corporation, the Auditor-General shall be paid by the Corporation such remuneration as the Minister may, with the concurrence of the Minister in charge of the subject of Finance, determine. Any remuneration received from the Corporation by the Auditor-General shall, after deducting any sums paid by him to any qualified auditor or auditors employed by him for the purposes of such audit, be credited to the Consolidated Fund.
- 31. (1) The Auditor-General and any person assisting the Auditor-General in the audit of the accounts of the Corporation shall have access to all such books, deeds, contracts, accounts, vouchers and other documents of the Corporation as the Auditor-General may consider necessary for the purposes of the audit, and shall be furnished by the Corporation and officers of the Corporation with such information within their knowledge as may be required for such purposes.

Powers of the Auditor-General, &c.

- (2) The Auditor-General shall examine the accounts of the Corporation and furnish a report:—
 - (a) stating whether he has or has not obtained all the information and explanations required by him;
 - (b) stating whether the accounts referred to in the report are properly drawn

Accounts and audit of accounts.

Report of the Board of

Directors and

comments and supplement

copies of the auditor's

report, the

Auditor-

General's

and the

statement of

sent to the

laid before Parliament.

Minister and

accounts and statistics to be

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- up so as to exhibit a true and fair view of the affairs of the Corporation; and
- (c) drawing attention to any item in the accounts which in his opinion may be of interest to Parliament in any examination of the activities and accounts of the Corporation.
- (3) The Auditor-General shall transmit his report to the Corporation within four months of the receipt of the accounts of the Corporation by him.
- (4) For the purposes of this section, the expression " qualified auditor " means-
 - (a) an individual who, being a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Sri Lanka, or of any other Institute established by law, possesses a certificate to practise as an Accountant issued by the Council of such Institute; or
 - (b) a firm of Accountants each of the resident partners of which, being a member of the Institute of Accountants of Chartered Sri Lanka or of any other Institute established by law, possesses a certificate to practise Accountant issued by the Council of such Institute.
- **32.** (1) The Board of Directors shall, as soon as possible after the end of each financial year of the Corporation, make to the Minister a report on the exercise and performance by such Board of its powers and duties during that year and on its policy and programme. Such report for any year shall set out any direction given by the Minister to the Board of Directors during that year.
- (2) The Board of Directors shall, on receipt of the Auditor-General's report in respect of any year, cause a copy of each of the following documents relating to that year to be transmitted to the Minister:—
 - (a) the Auditor-General's report;
 - (b) the balance sheet;

- (c) the operating and profit and loss accounts:
- (*d*) the statement of accounts statistics prepared under subsection (I) of section 30; and
- (e) the report of the Chairman of such Board giving an account of the work of the Corporation.
- (3) The Minister shall lay copies of the documents transmitted to him under subsection (2) before Parliament before the end of the year next following the year to which such report and accounts relate.
- The Corporation shall before the Programme of first day of November in each financial year work to be transmit to the Minister for his approval a programme of the work involving capital Corporation expenditure which is to be undertaken by the Corporation during the next financial year, and the Corporation shall have regard to any directions given by the Minister in respect of that programme.

undertaken by the during a financial year to be transmitted to the Minister for his approval.

PART IV

ACQUISITION, REQUISITION AND USE OF PROPERTY FOR OR BY THE CORPORATION

34. (1) Where any immovable whatsoever, other than notified property, is immovable required to be acquired for any purpose of the Corporation and the Minister, by Order Acquisition published in the Gazette, approves of the Act. proposed acquisition, that property shall be deemed to be required for a public purpose and may accordingly be acquired under the Land Acquisition Act and be transferred to the Corporation.

property Acquisition of property under the Land

- (2) Any sum payable for the acquisition of any immovable property under the Land Acquisition Act for the Corporation shall be paid by the Corporation.
- **35.** (1) Any officer of the Corporation Notice of claim authorized by the Minister may, by notice or disclaimer in (in this Act referred to as a "notice of property claim") published in the Gazette declare required for that such movable or immovable property, other than money, as has been, or is being, or is, or was intended to be, used by any person

purposes of the Corporation.

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for the purpose of engaging in or carrying on any business which is similar or substantially similar to any business of the Corporation, is required for the purposes of the Corporation. Such property is in this Act referred to as " notified property ".

- (2) The publication of a notice of claim made under subsection (1) in respect of any property shall be conclusive proof that such property is required for the purposes of the Corporation.
- (3) Where a notice of claim is published under subsection (1), any officer of the Corporation authorized by the Minister may from time to time, by notice (in this Act referred to as a "notice of disclaimer") published in the Gazette, disclaim the need, for the purposes of the Corporation, of the whole or any part of the property included in the notice of claim and specified in the notice of disclaimer.
- (4) No person shall lease, hypothecate, alienate, transfer or dispose of in any manner whatsoever to any person, other than the Corporation, the whole or any part of—
 - (a) any property which is specified in a notice of claim and is not disclaimed by a notice of disclaimer: or
 - (b) any rights in respect of that property.
- (5) Any lease, hypothecation, alienation, transfer -or disposal made or effected in contravention of the provisions of subsection (4) shall be null and void, and shall be of no force or avail in law.
- (6) Any person shall, if requested by any authorized officer so to do, furnish to such person as shall be specified in the request information with regard to any movable or immovable property included in a notice of claim as shall be so specified.
 - (7) Any person who—
 - (a) leases, hypothecates, transfers, otherwise disposes of any notified property in contravention subsection (4); and

- (b) wilfully fails to furnish information referred to in subsection (6), or who wilfully withholds all or any part of such information, or who furnishes information knowing such information to be false or inaccurate; or
- (c) wilfully or negligently destroys or damages or causes to be destroyed or damaged any notified property;
- (d) removes, changes the situation or location, or alters the character, or causes such removal, change or alteration, of any notified property,

shall be guilty of an offence under this Act.

- (8) For the purposes of this section, the expression " authorized officer " means the Chairman of the Board of Directors, or any Director or officer of the Corporation authorized in that behalf by such Chairman.
- **36.** The Chairman of the Corporation may-

Report on condition of any notified property.

- (a) cause a report to be prepared as to the condition of any notified property;
- (b) cause a copy of such report to be sent by registered post to persons having an interest in the property to which the report relates; and
- (c) requite such persons to notify in writing to the Chairman whether or not they agree with such report and if they are not in agreement, to specify any objections they may have and the grounds of such objections and to produce all documents relied on by them in support of such objections.
- 37. (1) The Minister may, by Order (in Compulsory this Act referred to as a "vesting Order") transfer to the Corporation of published in the Gazette, vest in the corpor Corporation, with effect from such date as property. shall be specified in the Order, any such notified property as has not been disclaimed by a notice of disclaimer.

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- (2) Before a vesting Order takes effect, the Minister may from time to time, after consultation with the Board of Directors, alter, by Order published in the Gazette, the date on which such vesting Order takes effect.
- (3) A vesting Order shall have the effect of giving the Corporation absolute title to any property specified in the Order with effect from the date specified therein and free from all encumbrances.

Requisitioning of notified property for the purpose of the Corporation.

- 38. (1) The Minister may by Order (in this Act referred to as a "requisitioning Order") published in the Gazette, requisition, with effect from such date as shall be specified in the Order, any notified property as is movable or immovable property in order that it may be temporarily used by the Corporation for the purposes of any business of the Corporation.
- (2) Before a requisitioning Order takes effect the Minister may from time to time, after consultation with the Board of Directors, alter, by Order published in the the date on which requisitioning Order takes effect.
- (3) A requisitioning Order shall have the effect of authorizing the Corporation, with effect from the date specified in the Order, to take possession of the property specified in the Order and to use such property temporarily for the purposes of any business of the Corporation.
- (4) Where any property is requisitioned by a requisitioning Order, the Minister may, by Order (hereinafter in this Act referred to as "derequisitioning Order") published in the Gazette, derequisition such property with effect from such date as shall be specified in the derequisitioning Order.
- (5) Before a derequisitioning Order takes effect, the Minister may from time to time, after consultation with the Board of Directors, alter by Order published in the the date which Gazette, on derequisitioning Order takes effect.
- (6) Where, immediately before the date on which any property is requisitioned for the Corporation, a person, other than the

owner of such property, was entitled to possession of such property under the terms of a lease, that lease shall be deemed for all purposes to have expired on that date.

- (7) Where any property is derequisitioned by a derequisitioning Order, such Order shall be deemed to have the effect of reviving any lease subsisting on the date on which the property was requisitioned, and any question which may arise as to any right, title or interest, in or over that property shall be determined accordingly.
- **39.** Where any property requisitioned Compulsory for the Corporation is permanently required for the purposes of any business of the Corporation, such property may be vested in the Corporation by a vesting Order.

acquisition of requisitioned property,

40. (1) Notwithstanding movable or immovable property has vested in the Corporation by virtue of a vesting Order, the Minister may, at any time before a determination as to compensation is made in respect of that property under this Act, by subsequent Order published in the Gazette (in this section referred to as a "divesting Order") revoke that vesting Order.

any Revocation of vesting Orders.

- (2) The following provisions shall apply in any case where a vesting Order in respect of any movable or immovable property is revoked by a divesting Order:—
 - (a) that property shall be deemed never to have vested in the Corporation by virtue of that vesting Order, and any question which may arise as to any right, title or interest, in or over that property shall be determined accordingly;
 - (b) that property shall be deemed to have been and to be property which was requisitioned by a requisitioning Order with effect from the date on which that vesting Order took effect and was derequisitioned by a derequisitioning Order with effect from the date of the revocation of that vesting Order;
 - (c) all claims made under'this Act to the compensation payable in respect of that property and all proceedings

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taken under this Act in regard to such claims before that vesting Order was revoked shall be deemed to be null and void, and fresh claims to compensation in respect of that property may be made under this Act.

(3) The preceding provisions of this section shall have effect notwithstanding anything in any other provision of this Act or in any other written law.

Taking possession of property vested in or requisitioned for the Corporation.

- **41.** (1) Any officer of the Corporation specially or generally authorized in that behalf by the Chairman of the Board of Directors may take possession of any property vested in or requisitioned for the Corporation.
- (2) Any officer of the Corporation authorized in that behalf by the Chairman of the Board of Directors shall, by notice given to the person in occupation or in possession of any property vested in or requisitioned for the Corporation or exhibited in some conspicuous place on or in the vicinity of such property,—
 - (a) inform such person that such authorized officer intends to take possession of such property for and on behalf of the Corporation on such date and at such time and place as shall be specified in the notice; and
 - (b) require any person interested or his authorized agent to be present on the date and at the time and place so specified, and to allow and assist such authorized officer to take possession of such property for and on behalf of the Corporation.

Where such property is a motor vehicle, the notice aforesaid may be given to the registered owner of that vehicle within the meaning of the Motor Traffic Act instead of being given to the person in possession of that motor vehicle.

(3) Any notice required to be given to any person under the preceding provisions of this section shall be deemed to be given to him if such notice is sent to him by registered letter.

- (4) Any person who contravenes any requirement of any notice given to him under this section shall be guilty of an offence under this Act.
 - **42.** (1) Every person who—
 - (a) prevents, obstructs, or resists, or
 - (b) directly or indirectly causes anyone to prevent, obstruct or resist,

Prevention of or obstruction to taking possesson of property for and on behalf of the Corpoation.

any person from or in taking possession, under section 41 of any property for and on behalf of the Corporation shall be guilty of an offence under this Act.

- (2) Where an officer authorized by the Chairman of the Board of Directors under section 41 to take possession of any property for and on behalf of the Corporation is unable or apprehends that he will be unable to take possession of such property because of any obstruction or resistance that has been or is likely to be offered, he shall, on his making an behalf application in that to Magistrate 's Court having jurisdiction over the place where that property is ordinarily kept or situated, be entitled to an order of the Court directing the Fiscal to deliver possession of that property to him for and on behalf of the Corporation.
- (3) Where an order under subsection (2) is issued to the Fiscal by a Magistrate's Court, he shall forthwith execute that order and shall in writing report to the Court the manner in which that order was executed.
- (4) Where an order under subsection (2) is issued to the Fiscal by a Magistrate's Court the execution of such order shall not be stayed in any manner by reason of any step taken or proposed to be commenced in any court with a view to questioning, varying or setting aside such order.
- (5) For the purpose of executing an order issued by a Magistrate's Court under subsection (2), the Fiscal or any person acting under his direction may use such force as may be necessary to enter any place

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where any movable property to which that order relates is kept and seize such movable property, or to enter any land, building, structure or other immovable property to which that order relates and eject any person in occupation thereof, and to deliver possession of such movable property, land, building, structure or other immovable property to the person who is authorized to take possession thereof for and on behalf of the Corporation.

Grants or leases of immovable property to the Corporation under the State Lands Ordinance.

43. Where any immovable property of the State is required for the purpose of any business of the Corporation, such purpose shall be deemed to be a purpose for which a special grant or lease of such property may be made under section 6 of the State Lands Ordinance, and accordingly the provisions of that Ordinance shall apply to a special grant or lease of such property to the Corporation.

Power to require information and to inspect.

- **44.** (1) The Chairman of the Board of Directors, or any person authorized in that behalf by such Chairman, may-
 - (a) inspect any movable or immovable property which had been, or is being or is or was intended to be, used for engaging in or carrying on any business similar or substantially similar to the business of the Corporation;
 - (b) inspect any movable or immovable property which had been, or is being or is or was intended to be, used for the engaging in or carrying on of such other business as may be incidental or conducive to any business referred to in paragraph (a) of this subsection;
 - (c) request furnish any person to information with regard to any matter within his knowledge relating to any movable or immovable property referred to in paragraph (a) or paragraph (b) of this subsection: and
 - (d) request any furnish person to information with regard to any matter within his knowledge

relating to any business referred to in paragraph (a) of this subsection, whether carried on by himself or any other person, and the persons employed for the purposes of such business.

- (2) Any person who fails, without reasonable cause, to comply with the provisions of subsection (1) (c) or subsection (1) (d), or who furnishes information knowing such information to be false, or obstructs any person in the exercise of the powers conferred on him by subsection (1) (a) or subsection (1) (b), shall be guilty of an offence under this Act.
- 45. Any person who engages in or Power of anv business similar substantially similar to any business of the make use of Corporation shall, if a written request in facilities of that behalf is made to him by the other persons. Corporation, make available for use by the Corporation any equipment or facilities maintained by him for the purpose of that business subject to such terms conditions (including terms as to charges to be made for such use) as may be determined by the Minister.

or Corporation to equipment and

PART V

COMPENSATION

(1) The amount of compensation to Compensation be paid under this Act in respect of any in respect of property vested on any date in the in the in the Corporation shall be the actual price paid Corporation. by the owner for the purchase of such property and an additional sum which is equal to the reasonable value of any additions and improvements made to such property by any person who had an interest in such property, or if such purchase price is not ascertainable, be an amount equal to the price which such property would have fetched if it had been sold in the open market on the day on which the property was vested in the Corporation:

Provided, however, that where such property consists of movable property a reasonable amount for depreciation shall be deducted from the amount which represents the price actually paid for its purchase by

the person entitled to the compensation payable in respect of such property, if such compensation is based on such price.

(2) Where any interest in any movable or immovable property derived under the terms of any lease is vested in the Corporation, the amount of compensation to be paid under th'is Act shall be the actual price paid by the holder for the acquisition of such interest:

Provided that a proportionate amount shall be deducted on account of the period for which the holder has enjoyed such interest.

Compensation in respect of property requisitioned for the Corporation.

- **47.** In respect of any property requisitioned for the Corporation, the Corporation shall pay compensation equal to the amount which might reasonably be expected to be payable for the temporary use of such property.
- 48. No person shall be entitled to No compensation compensation for any loss incurred by him, for damage or whether directly or indirectly, or by way of loss incurred business or otherwise, by reason of the fact by reason of the fact that that the exclusive right to engage in or carry the exclusive on any business has been vested in the right to engage Corporation by virtue of the operation of in or carry on any business is the provisions of this Act or any Order vested in the made thereunder. Corporation.

Interest on compensation.

49. Any compensation payable, less any deduction that may be made from such compensation under this Act, shall carry interest, as from the date on which it accrues due until payment, at such rate as may be determined by the Minister with the concurrence of the Minister in charge of the subject of Finance.

Date of commencement of accmement of compensation. **50.** The compensation payable in respect of any property shall be considered as accruing due from the date on which that property was vested in or requisitioned for the Corporation.

Mode of payment of compensation.

51. The mode of payment of compensation shall be determined by the Minister in consultation with the Minister in charge of the subject of Finance.

Determination of compensation.

52. (1) The Board of Directors shall refer to the Chief Valuer the determination of the compensation payable in respect of

any property, and such Valuer shall submit his determination to the Board of Directors for final decision thereon.

- (2) The Chief Valuer shall, before making his determination of the compensation payable in respect of any property, give the person from whom that property was acquired or requisitioned for the Corporation, an opportunity to adduce before such Valuer, by himself or by a representative authorized by him in that behalf, evidence with regard to the value of that property.
- (3) The Board of Directors shall communicate in writing to the person from whom any property was acquired or requisitioned for the Corporation the final decision of the compensation payable in respect of that property.
- (4) The Board of Directors shall cause a notice to be published in the Gazette and in at least one Sinhala, one Tamil and one English newspaper, specifying compensation that it proposes to pay in of any property, being the respect compensation determined by the Board of Directors, and inviting any person who had any interest in that property, immediately before that property was vested in or requisitioned for the Corporation and who claims any compensation in respect of that property, to communicate to the Chairman of the Board of Directors his claim in writing, stating the nature and the basis thereof, before such date as shall be specified in the notice.
- 53. (1) Where no claim to the compensation payable in respect of any property is received in response to the notice under section 52 from any person other than the person from whom that property was acquired or requisitioned for the Corporation, the Chairman of the Board of Directors shall cause such compensation, less any sum required by or under this Act to be deducted therefrom, to be paid to the person from whom that property was so acquired or requisitioned.
- (2) Where any claim to compensation payable in respect of any such property is received in response to the notice under

the Payment of compensation.

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section 52 from any person other than the person from whom that property was acquired or requisitioned for the Corporation, then, if every such claimant and the person from whom that property was so acquired or requisitioned amicably agree in writing as to the persons entitled to the compensation and the apportionment of the compensation among them, the Chairman of the Board of Directors shall cause the compensation, less any sum required by or under this Act to be deducted therefrom, to be apportioned and paid to such person according to such agreement. If there is no such agreement, the Chairman of the Board of Directors shall cause the compensation, less any sums required by or under this Act to be deducted therefrom, to be paid to any District Court or Primary Court, according as the amount to be so paid exceeds or does not exceed one thousand five hundred rupees to be drawn by the persons entitled thereto.

Provision for cases where compensation is not accepted, &c.

54. Where any compensation payable to any person under this Act is not accepted by him when it is tendered to him, or where such person is dead or is not in existence or is not known, it shall be paid to any District Court or Primary Court, according as the amount of compensation exceeds or docs not exceed one thousand five hundred rupees, to be drawn by the person or persons entitled thereto.

Deduction from compensation.

Appeal from determination

compensation.

- **55.** (1) Where a person is entitled to compensation in respect of any property vested in requisitioned or Corporation, the Board of Directors shall pay from the amount of such compensation to the Commissioner-General of Inland Revenue any sum certified under the hand of the Commissioner-General of Inland Revenue to the Corporation to be due from such person as tax on income or profits, or as personal tax.
- (2) For the purposes of this section, the expression "compensation" includes any interest which has accrued due on such compensation.
- **56.** Any person dissatisfied with the determination of compensation under this Part may within thirty days of the

communication of such decision appeal therefrom to the Minister whose decision thereon shall be final and conclusive and shall not be called in question in any court.

PART VI

GENERAL

57. (1) Subject to the provisions of Prohibition section 58, on or after such date* (hereafter in this Act referred to as the "relevant importation of distribution of date ") as the Minister may specify by Order films, &c., by published in the Gazette*, no person shall any person import into Sri Lanka or sell, supply or distribute within Sri Lanka any films, photographic equipment or any material, equipment or accessory necessary for the production or exhibition of films, without the written authority of the Chairman.

of the importation or other than the Corporation.

- (2) On or after the relevant date, no person shall, except with the written authority of the Chairman of the Board of Directors, exhibit any film which has not been distributed through the Corporation.
- (3) A certificate under the hand of the Chairman of the Board of Directors that any person has not complied with the provisions of subsection (2) shall be received in any proceedings as conclusive evidence of such non-compliance.
- All contracts agreements, Provisions and entered into or made by any person prior to relating to the relevant date, for the importation into Sri Lanka or the distribution within Sri for the Lanka of any film, photographic equipment importation or or any material, equipment or accessory films existing necessary for the production of films, as on the relevant may be declared by the Minister by Order date. published in the Gazette, shall be deemed to contracts and agreements of the Corporation and all subsisting rights and obligations under such contracts agreements so declared shall be deemed to rights and obligations Corporation, and may be enforced or acted upon as fully and effectually as if the Corporation had been a party to or had made such contracts or agreements.

agreements distribution of

* 2nd August, 1973 — See Gazette Extraordinary No. 69/4 of 1973.07.25.

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Special provisions relating to employees of persons who were carrying on business as importer and seller, &c., of films, &c.

59. (1) No person other than the Corporation who on the relevant date, was carrying on business as exhibitor of films or as importer, seller, supplier or distributor of any films, photographic equipment or any equipment or accessory for the production or exhibition of films shall terminate the employment of any person (hereafter referred to as an "employee") employed by him except with the written approval of the Commissioner, and otherwise than in accordance with the terms and conditions subject to which such approval is granted.

A person who was carrying on the business referred to in the preceding provisions of this subsection is hereafter in this section referred to as an "employer".

- (2) The following provisions shall apply in the case of the exercise of the powers conferred on the Commissioner to grant his approval to an employer terminating the employment of any employee:—
 - (a) Such approval may be granted or refused on application in that behalf made by such employer.
 - (b) The Commissioner may, in his absolute discretion, decide to grant or refuse such approval.
 - (c) The Commissioner may, his in absolute discretion, decide the terms and conditions subject to which his approval should be granted, including in particular terms and conditions relating to the payment by such employer to such employee of a gratuity or compensation for the termination of employment.
 - (d) Any decision made by the Commissioner under the preceding provisions of this subsection shall be final and conclusive, and shall not be called in question in any court, whether by way of writ or otherwise.
- (3) Where, on or after the relevant date, any employer has granted or grants to any employee, in addition to any benefit such employee was or would be entitled to receive in the ordinary course of his

employment, any ex gratia gratuity or compensation or other benefit (hereafter in this subsection referred to as "ex gratia benefits"), then, every person who was an employee of that employer on the relevant date, shall be entitled, with the approval of the Commissioner given upon application in that behalf made by such person, to receive the same ex gratia benefits so however that the amount thereof shall be as determined the Commissioner. The preceding provisions of this subsection shall apply to any person notwithstanding that he ceased or ceases to be an employee of that employer after the relevant date, "tor any reason whatsoever other than misconduct. Any approval or determination of the Commissioner under preceding the provisions of this subsection shall be final and conclusive, and shall not be called in question in any court, whether by way of writ or otherwise.

- (4) Where an ex gratia gratuity or compensation or other benefit is granted by any employer to an employee, such employer shall furnish to the Commissioner, within thirty days of the grant thereof, full details of the gratuity, compensation or other benefit so granted. Such details shall be furnished in such form and manner as may be determined by the Commissioner.
- (5) In this section, "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Labour, and includes a Deputy Commissioner of Labour.
- **60.** (1) The Corporation may make rules in respect of all or any matters for which rules are authorized or required by this Act to be made.

Power of Corporation to make rules.

- (2) No rule made by the Corporation under this Act shall have effect until it has been approved by the Minister.
- **61.** (1) The Minister make Regulations. may regulations for the purpose of carrying out or giving effect to the principles and provisions of this Act.

- (2) Without prejudice to the generality of the powers conferred by subsection (1), the Minister may make regulations in respect of all or any of the following matters:—
 - (a) the control, supervision, inspection, maintenance and operation of

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cinemas and studios or institutions engaged in the film industry;

[§ 7.45 of 1980.]

(aa) the provision by cinemas and studios of adequate facilities necessary for the convenience and safety of patrons of, and workers in, cinemas and studios:

[§ 7, 45 of 1980.]

- (aaa) the control of the establishment and installation of cinemas:
- (b) the exhibition of films and the prices and rates chargeable by the Corporation for the purposes of section 5 (d);
- (c) the form and manner in which contracts may be entered into by the Corporation;
- (d) the allocation of screen time for the exhibition of local and foreign films, for advertisements and for Government newsreels:
- (e) the rates to be charged at cinemas;
- (f) the fees to be charged for the use of studios of the Corporation by film producers;
- (g) the provision of financial or other assistance to the producers of films in Sri Lanka;
- (h) the regulation of the import of foreign films or the production of films in Sri Lanka:
- (i) the regulation of the use and distribution of raw film;
- (j) the dubbing of films;
- (k) the registration of film societies;
- (1) all matters conducive or incidental to the attainment of any of the objects of the Corporation or to the exercise of its powers.
- (3) Every regulation made by the Minister under this Act shall be published in the Gazette and shall come into operation on the date of such publication or on such later date as may be specified in the regulation.

(4) Every regulation made by the Minister shall, as soon as convenient after the date of its publication, be brought before Parliament for approval. Any regulation which is not so approved shall be deemed to be rescinded as from the date of disapproval but without prejudice anything previously done thereunder.

62. (1) Every person who—

Offences..

- (a) knowingly makes any false incorrect statement in any return or other document made or furnished under or for the purposes of this Act or of any regulation made thereunder; or
- (b) fails or refuses to furnish any information or return required by this Act, or any regulation made thereunder, to be so furnished by him; or
- (c) resists or obstructs any person in the exercise, discharge or performance of any power, function or duty conferred or imposed upon that person by or under this Act, or any regulation made thereunder; or
- (d) contravenes or fails to comply with any provision of this Act or any regulation made thereunder,

shall be guilty of an offence under this Act.

- (2) Every person who commits an offence under this Act shall on conviction after summary trial before a Magistrate be liable to imprisonment of either description for a period not exceeding one year or to a fine not exceeding one thousand rupees or to both such fine and imprisonment, and the Magistrate may order the forfeiture of any property in respect of which the offence was committed.
- (3) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the First Schedule to the Code of Criminal Procedure Act, every offence under this Act shall be a cognizable offence within the meaning of that Act.
- **63.** Where an offence under this Act is Offences by committed by a body of persons, then—

bodies of persons.

(a) if that body of persons is a body corporate, every director and officer of that body corporate, or

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(b) if that body of persons is a firm, every partner of that firm,

shall be deemed to be guilty of that offence:

Provided, however, that a director or an officer of such body corporate or a partner of such firm shall not be deemed to be guilty of such offence if he proves that such offence was committed without his knowledge or that he exercised all due diligence to prevent the commission of such offence.

Protection for action taken under this Act or on the direction of the Board of Directors. [§ 8, 45 of 1980.]

63A. (1) No suit or prosecution shall lie-

- (a) against the Corporation for any act which in good faith is done or purported to be done by the Corporation under this Act; or
- (b) against any member, officer, servant or agent of the Corporation for any act which in good faith is done or purported to be done by him under this Act or on the direction of the Board of Directors.
- expense incurred by (2) Any Corporation in any suit or prosecution brought by or against the Corporation before any court shall be paid out of the funds of the Corporation, and any costs paid to, or recovered by, the Corporation in any such suit or prosecution shall be credited to the funds of the Corporation.
- (3) Any expense incurred by any such person as is referred to in paragraph (b) of subsection (1) in any suit or prosecution brought against him before any court in respect of any act which is done or purported to be done by him under this Act or on the direction of the Board of Directors shall, if the court holds that such

act was done in good faith, be paid out of the funds of the Corporation, unless such expense is recovered by him in such suit or prosecution.

63B. No writ against person or property No writ to shall be issued against a member of the issue against Corporation in any action brought against person or property the Corporation.

property of a member of the Corporation. [§ 8. 45 of 1980.]

The provisions of this Act shall have This Act to effect notwithstanding anything contained prevail over in any other written law, and accordingly in oune law. the event of any conflict or inconsistency between the provisions of this Act and such other law, the provisions of this Act shall prevail.

other written

65. In this Act unless the context Interpretation. otherwise requires—

- " Board of Directors " means the Board of Directors constituted under this Act:
- "Director" means a member of the Board of Directors;
- " Director of Cultural Affairs " means the person for the time being holding office as the Director of Cultural Affairs;
- "Director of Information" means the person for the time being holding office the Director as Information:
- " Director-General Broadcasting" of means the person for the time being holding office as the Director-General appointed under the Sri Lanka Broadcasting Corporation Act.